
Hereditary Pancreatic Cancer Panel, Varies

Test ID: PANCP

Useful for:

- Evaluation of patients with a personal or family history suggestive of a hereditary pancreatic cancer syndrome
- Establishing a diagnosis of a hereditary pancreatic cancer syndrome, allowing for targeted cancer surveillance based on associated risks
- Identifying genetic variants associated with increased risk for pancreatic cancer, allowing for predictive testing and appropriate screening of at-risk family members
- Therapeutic eligibility with poly adenosine diphosphate-ribose polymerase (PARP) inhibitors based on certain gene alterations (eg, BRCA1, BRCA2)

Methods:

Sequence Capture and Next-Generation Sequencing (NGS), Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR), Sanger Sequencing and/or Multiplex Ligation-Dependent Probe Amplification (MLPA)

Reference Values:

An interpretive report will be provided.

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:	A previous bone marrow transplant from an allogenic donor will interfere with testing. Call 800-533-1710 for instructions for testing patients who have received a bone marrow transplant.
Specimen Type:	Whole blood
Preferred:	Lavender top (EDTA) or yellow top (ACD)
Acceptable:	Any anticoagulant
Specimen Volume:	3 mL
Collection Instructions:	1. Invert several times to mix blood. 2. Send specimen in original tube. Do not aliquot.
Specimen Stability Information:	Ambient (preferred) 4 days/Refrigerated
Minimum Volume:	1 mL

Specimen Stability Information:

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Varies	Varies		

Cautions:

Clinical Correlations:

- Test results should be interpreted in the context of clinical findings, family history, and other laboratory data. Misinterpretation of results may occur if the information provided is inaccurate or incomplete.
- If testing was performed because of a clinically significant family history, it is often useful to first test an affected family member. Detection of a reportable variant in an affected family member would allow for more informative testing of at-risk individuals.
- To discuss the availability of additional testing options or for assistance in the interpretation of these results, contact the Mayo Clinic Laboratory genetic counselors at 800-533-1710.

Technical Limitations:

- Next-generation sequencing may not detect all types of genomic variants. In rare cases, false-negative or false-positive results may occur. The depth of coverage may be variable for some target regions; assay performance below the minimum acceptable criteria or for failed regions will be noted. Given these limitations, negative results do not rule out the diagnosis of a genetic disorder. If a specific clinical disorder is suspected, evaluation by alternative methods can be considered.
- There may be regions of genes that cannot be effectively evaluated by sequencing or deletion and duplication analysis as a result of technical limitations of the assay, including regions of homology, high guanine-cytosine (GC) content, and repetitive sequences. Confirmation of select reportable variants will be performed by alternate methodologies based on internal laboratory criteria.
- This test is validated to detect 95% of deletions up to 75 base pairs (bp) and insertions up to 47 bp. Insertions/deletions (indels) of 40 or more bp, including mobile element insertions, may be less reliably detected than smaller indels.

Deletion/Duplication Analysis:

- This analysis targets single and multi-exon deletions/duplications; however, in some instances single exon resolution cannot be achieved due to isolated reduction in sequence coverage or inherent genomic complexity. Balanced structural rearrangements (such as translocations and inversions) may not be detected.
- This test is not designed to detect low levels of mosaicism or to differentiate between somatic and germline variants. If there is a possibility that any detected variant is somatic, additional testing may be necessary to clarify the significance of results.
- Genes may be added or removed based on updated clinical relevance. For the most up to date list of genes included in this test see [Targeted Genes and Methodology Details for Hereditary Gastrointestinal Cancer Panel](#) in Special Instructions. For detailed information regarding gene specific performance and technical limitations, see Method Description or contact a laboratory genetic counselor.
- If the patient has had an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant or a recent heterologous blood transfusion, results may be inaccurate due to the presence of donor DNA. Call Mayo Clinic Laboratories for instructions for testing patients who have received a bone marrow transplant.

Reclassification of Variants:

- At this time, it is not standard practice for the laboratory to systematically review previously classified variants on a regular basis. The laboratory encourages health care providers to contact the laboratory at any time to learn how the classification of a particular variant may have changed over time.

Variant Evaluation:

- Evaluation and categorization of variants is performed using published American College of Medical Genetics and Genomics and the Association for Molecular Pathology recommendations as a guideline. Other gene-specific guidelines may also be considered. Variants are classified based on known, predicted, or possible pathogenicity and reported with interpretive comments detailing their potential or known significance. Variants classified as benign or likely benign are not reported.
- Multiple in silico evaluation tools may be used to assist in the interpretation of these results. The accuracy of predictions made by in silico evaluation tools is highly dependent upon the data available for a given gene, and periodic updates to these tools may cause predictions to change over time. Results from in silico evaluation tools should be interpreted with caution and professional clinical judgement.

CPT Code:

81319

81403

81408

81162

81404 x 2

81292

81295
81298
81307
81351
81405

Day(s) Performed: Varies

Report Available: 3 to 4 weeks

Questions

Contact Michelle Rath, Laboratory Technologist Resource Coordinator at 800-533-1710.